

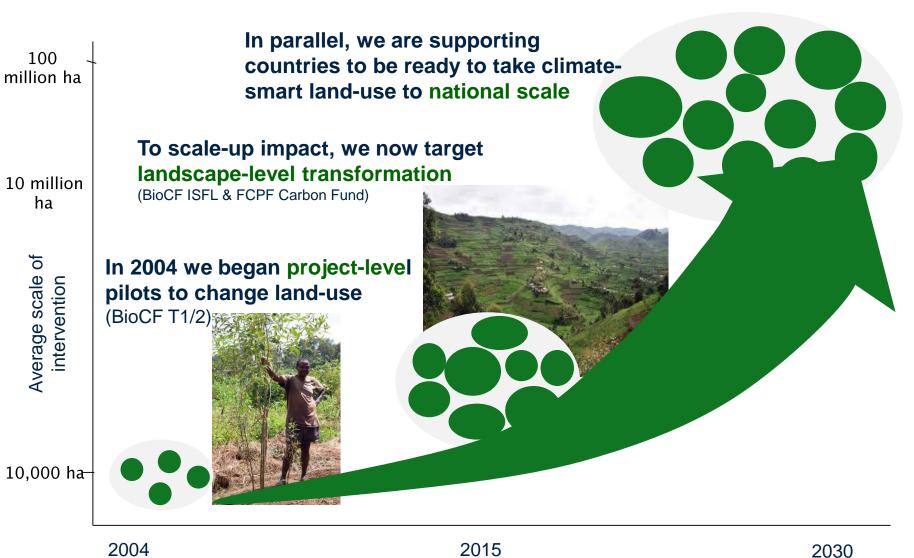
Introduction to the ISFL



December 9, 2016
ISFL Methodological Workshop



Evolution of the BioCarbon Fund





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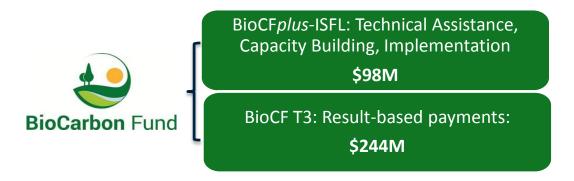
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Average scale of

ISFL Objective

The ISFL aims to promote and reward reduced greenhouse gas emissions and increased sequestration through better land management, including REDD+, climate smart agriculture, and smarter land use planning and policies.

Total Fund Capital: \$342 million

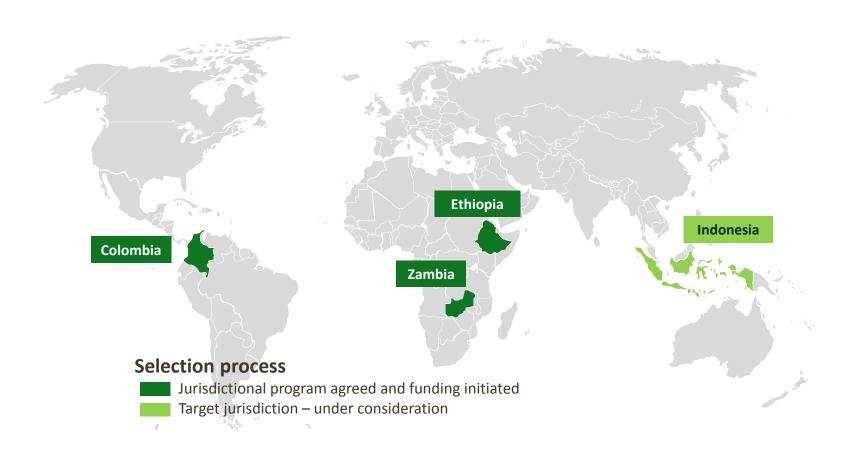


• Contributors: Germany, Norway, United Kingdom, United States





ISFL Programs

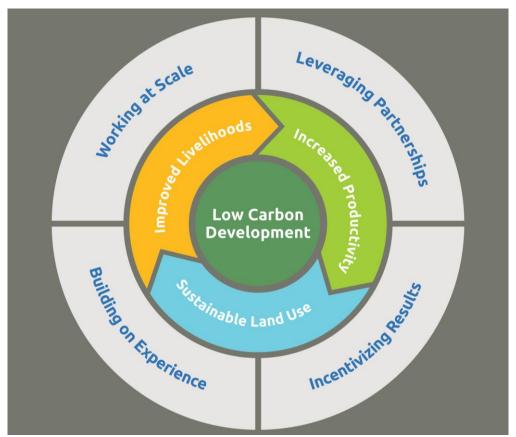






The ISFL Approach

The ISFL will achieve its objective of reducing GHG emissions, while also addressing poverty and unsustainable land use, through four key design elements.





Incentivizing Results

- The objective of the ISFL is to promote and reward GHG emissions and sequestration across the rural landscape.
- The ISFL will provide significant results-based climate financing over a 10-15 year period through the purchase of verified emission reductions.
- Those payments for results will be based on a comprehensive landscape GHG accounting approach.



Comprehensive Landscape GHG Accounting Approach

- Emission reductions will be determined as the net result over a jurisdiction and based on significant AFOLU categories.
 - Forest and Land Use
 - Agriculture (Soil and Livestock)
- Comprehensive landscape GHG accounting addresses the gap between REDD+ and NDCs in land sectors
 - Opportunity to test and pilot post-Paris requirements on a sub-national scale
 - Informs UNFCCC discussions



Flexibility

- The ISFL Methodological Approach for GHG accounting is meant to define high-level requirements of the fund.
- Meeting the requirements of the ISFL Methodological Approach for GHG accounting is meant to be phased.
- ERPAs are expected to be designed to reflect this phased approach.





Thank you

